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Senate

The Senate met at 11:59 a.m. and was called to order by the Honorable ERNEST F. HOLLINGS, a Senator from the State of South Carolina.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Dr. Lloyd John Ogilvie, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, strength for those who seek You, hope for those who trust You, courage for those who rely on You, peace for those who follow You, wisdom for those who humble themselves before You, and power for those who seek to glorify You, we begin this new week filled with awesome responsibilities and soul-sized issues and confess our need for You. We are irresistibly drawn into Your presence by the magnetism of Your love and by the magnitude of challenges we face. Our desire to know Your will is motivated by Your greater desire to help us. We thank You for the women and men of this Senate. Bless them as they debate the resolution on war with Iraq. Help them maintain a spirit of unity as they press on with honest, open discussion and come to a conclusion which is best for our Nation and the world. You are our Lord and Saviour. Amen

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

The Honorable ERNEST F. HOLLINGS led the Pledge of Allegiance, as follows:

I pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America, and to the Republic for which it stands, one nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.

APPOINTMENT OF ACTING PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will please read a communication to the Senate from the President pro tempore (Mr. BYRD).

The assistant legislative clerk read the following letter:

U.S. SENATE,
PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE,
Washington, DC, October 7, 2002.

To the Senate:

Under the provisions of rule I, paragraph 3, of the Standing Rules of the Senate, I hereby appoint the Honorable ERNEST F. HOLLINGS, a Senator from the State of South Carolina, to perform the duties of the Chair.

ROBERT C. BYRD, President pro tempore.

Mr. HOLLINGS thereupon assumed the chair as Acting President pro tempore.

RECOGNITION OF THE ACTING MAJORITY LEADER

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Senator from Nevada, the acting majority leader, is recognized.

SCHEDULE

Mr. REID. Mr. President, under the order that is now before the Senate, the Chair will shortly announce morning business for half an hour on both sides, with the Democrats controlling the first half.

ORDER OF PROCEDURE

As a courtesy to the Senator from Pennsylvania, Mr. Specter, we are going to extend the morning business on both sides for an extra 15 minutes, so it will be 45 minutes on both sides, with the first 15 minutes of time of the majority under the control of Senator Kennedy, and the second half hour under the control of Senator Wyden. At approximately 12:50, or whenever the minority begins their morning business time, the Senator from Pennsylvania, Mr. Specter, will be recognized for the first half hour, and I ask unanimous consent for this time agreement.

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. Without objection, it is so ordered

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I further say in light of this agreement, morning

business will extend until approximately 1:45, at which time the Senate will resume consideration of S.J. Res. 45, with the time until 4 p.m. equally divided and controlled between the two leaders or their designees, with Senators permitted to speak for up to 15 minutes each.

I hope Senators will recognize they do not have the rest of this month to speak on Iraq. The time is now for Senators to do that. We ask they do so as quickly as possible, and limit their speeches to 15 minutes.

Mr. SPECTER. May I seek a point of clarification. This Senator has 30 minutes starting at 12:50?

Mr. REID. Approximately 12:50.

The majority leader asked me to announce there will be no votes today.

MORNING BUSINESS

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Senator from Massachusetts.

IRAQ

Mr. KENNEDY. Mr. President, we face no more serious decision in our democracy than whether or not to go to war. The American people deserve to fully understand all of the implications of such a decision.

The question of whether our Nation should attack Iraq is playing out in the context of a more fundamental debate that is only just beginning—an all-important debate about how, when and where in the years ahead our country will use its unsurpassed military might.

On September 20, the administration unveiled its new National Security Strategy. This document addresses the new realities of our age, particularly the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction and terrorist networks armed with the agendas of fanatics. The Strategy claims that these new threats are so novel and so dangerous that we should "not hesitate to act

• This "bullet" symbol identifies statements or insertions which are not spoken by a Member of the Senate on the floor.

